IMPLEMENTATION PLAN 3410-31

February 1981

Approval:

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> Space Operations Directorate Cheyenne Mountain Complex, CO

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SECTION I - OPERATIONAL CONCEPT

This Implementation Plan is published in accordance with CINCAD OPLAN 3410-81. This plan shall be in effect throughout the life of all Space Shuttle missions. The plan is unclustable life of all Space Shuttle missions. The plan is unclustable silical however, its contents shall not be disclosed outside official channels without approval from the Chief, Space Operations Directorate, Cheyer e Kountain Couplex, CO.

Specific duties, responsibilities, actions, and interfaces are identified, and are effective upon receipt of this document. This plan! 65

is intended to provide overall guidance and direction to individuals directly involved in providing ADCOM support to the Space Shuttle. Changes to the above shall be provided approved by the Chief. Space Operations Directorate, through the issuance of Fragmentation Orders.

Pefer any comments/questions on this plan to the Chief,
Space Operations Directorate, A/J-3Y, Cheyenne Mountain Complex,
CO \$0914. AUTOTOM 834-1211, Ext. 3510, or Commercial (303)
473-4010, Ext. 3510.

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SECTION II + ACRONYM LISTING

ADCOM Agrospaco Defenso Command

AOA Abort Once Around

ARIS Advanced Range Instrumentation Ship

ASC Ascension

ASCC Alternate Space Cosputation Center (Eglin: AFB, Fla.

Abort to Orbit

BCF Backup Computational Pacility (NAVSPASUR, Dahlgren, VA)

CD Command Director

CLS Contingency Landing Site

COMBO * Computation of Miss Between Crbits (SCC program)

D/O - Déorbit

EAFB Edwards Air Force Base,

EGL Eglin AFB, Fla.

EDDET Sarly Orbit Determination

ET External Tank

FD Flight Director (JSC)

FDO Flight Dynamics Officer (JSC)

FTC Flight Termination Conference

ILAN Initial Launch Alert Message

ICMODX . SCC program for generating Initial Orbits via vectors.

JSC Johnson Spaceflight Center

,	
J-3Y	· Space-Operations Directorate (NCMC)
J-3T	Space and Missilo Warning Training Directorate (NCMC)
J-3V	Space and Hissile Warning Standardization/ Evaluation Directorate (NCMC)
J-3AA	Space Analysis and Data Division (NCMC)
KSC	Kennedy Spaceflight Center
ÈSI	Launch and Impact
TCHE	Launch Event Record
ĹĊŰ	Launch Correlation Unit (NCMC)
TC050	Launch Correlation Unit Duty Officer (NCHC)
RECO	Fain Engine Cut-Off
KOCR	Mission Operations Control Room (USC)
154	Missile Warning
មេល *	Missile Warning Officer (NCMC)
nasa	National Aeronautics and Space Administration
NAVSPASOR	Naval Space Surveillance System (Dahlgren, VA)
NCNC	NORAD Cheyenne Sountain Complex
REL	New Foreign Launch
OAL	Orbital Analyst Leader (NCMC)
ÖFT	Orbital Flight Test
04S	Crbital Maneuvering Subsystem
OFREP	Operations Report
OV	Orbiter Vehicle
PASCHED *	Pass Schedule (SCC program)
PPLF	Pre-Planaed Launch Folder, & west of a

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•	PPE.		 NAG	LEMM	
		-		:	
				-	
			 	11	tieet

PAVE: PAVE HEST

PREDICT SCC program used to predict impact points

impact for decaying satellitos

RCO Rango Control Officer (KSC)

RTLS Return to Launch Site

SCC Space Computation Center (NCHC)

SDA Space Defense Analyst (NCMC).

SDD . Space Defense Director (NCHC)

SERS . Satellite Early Warning System

SPADOC Space Defense Operations Center (NCHC)

SRB Solid Rocket Boosters

Space Surveillance Controller (NCHC)

SST - Space Surveillance Technician (MCMC)

Svo Surveillance Officer (NCMC)

TEARR Time, Elevation, Azimuth, Range, and Range Rate

TIP Tracking and Impact Prediction

SECTION III - EXECUTION CHECKLIST

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	•	_		Headquarters/
	*	。 	*	_
Timing	**C_IC	on/Event .		ydecch

A. PRE-LAUNCH:

Hoadquartors/

Action/Event

Headquarters/

Timing Action/Event

Agency

15

Headquarters/ Agency

Action/Event

Timing

Readquarters/

Timing

Action/Event

Agency

15

B. LAUNCH:

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Timing Action/Event Agency

15

C. <u>GR-JRBI</u>T:

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<u>lleadquarters/</u>

Timing

Action/Event

Agency



Timing Action/Event Agency

Headquarters/ Agency

Timing

Action/Event

b5

D. DEURBIT/LANDING:

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Timing			λċti	on/Event	•	Agency
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SECTION LY - RESPONSIBILITIES

The following agencies are tasked with the stated responsibilities to insure CINCAD OPLAN 3410-81 support is consistent for all STS flights:

A. <u>J-3V</u>: The Space and Hissile Warning Standardization/
Evaluation Directorate must certify that all .

\$CC operational crews are operationally ready.

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The Training Directorate is responsible for exercising these crows on a regular basis, insuring they have up-to-date information on STS flight profiles and capabilities, and insuring currency in the crows' ability to support each STS flight.

C. 2-3YY: The Space Analysis and Data Division is respossible for 1

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crew exercises, disseminating information

from Whish to AECON personnel, and for augmenting
the SCC operational crews for SCS activities
when necessary.

- D. Sini The Space Defense Director is responsible for providing the appropriate space defense warning should the OV be subjected to potential threat activities.
- E. SSC: The Space Surveillance Controller is responsible for supervising activity in the SCC, assuring all ADCOM support requirements are not, and saintaining the interface between the SCC and the JSC Mission Operations Control Room (MOCK).
- for sending the alert and liftoff messages to

 appropriate sensors and assisting the SSC in

 conitoring SCC activity and support during the

 STS flight.
- G. SVO: The Surveillance Officer is responsible for establishing and maintaining communications with necessary agencies, determining sensor status, and obtaining EODET data.
- E. LCUDO: The Launch Correlation Unit Duty Officer is responsible for meeting the requirements of current directives and providing contingency support as outlined in this implementation Plan.

I. <u>1910</u>i

The Missile Warning Officer is respectible

to provide event correlation whenever possible. b5

J. ÖAL:

The Orbital Analyst Leader is responsible for familiarizing himself with each STS flight profile, providing the analytical support for JSC and assisting the SSC in monitoring support requirements.

K. ASCC/BCF:

The ASCC and the BCF will operate in parallel with the SCC 20

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These two agencies should develop their own in-house procedures to comply with the intent of the previous statement. The SCC will relay all pertinent events, information, and appropriate state vectors to the ASCC and BCF. All TIP and COMED products will be transmitted to the SCC only.

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SECTION V - CONTINGENCY CHECKLISTS

Operations has addressed the possibility of several contingencies which ADCOM could be tasked to support. With the exception of COMBO support and External Tank TIP support, contingency support has not been requested by NASA but has been praplanned by ADCOM in the event additional support is requested on very short notice. The following specific contingencies are discussed:

Computation of Miss Retween Orbits (COMBO)
Anomalous Liftoff
MICO Overburn/Overspeed
Anomalous ONS Eurns
"Events" during OV flight
Anomalous Reentry of OV
ASCINCT Ourage
Pager Tranking Restriction

PRE-LAUNCH:

COMEO

b5

The SSC should use good judgment in determining the validate of all COMBO runs. The intent of ADCOM COMBO support Is to provide JSC with valid conjunction information throughout the mission profile. For example, a one second change in launch time or maneuver time could result in conjunction errors of approximately 10 km or more. The SSC may obtain new state vectors from JSC/FDO whenever the SCC maintained element set is in question. This is particularly true during any OMS maneuvers or prior to publication of an element set. The SSC should direct the OAL to regun any COMBO of questionable validity or to run a new COMBO if the SSC or OAL think it was ranted. The SSC should then pass any new results to JSC,FEC.

g. Crowcy.

Anomalous Liftoff:

An anomalous liftoff could result in a Return-to-Launch-Sire (RTES), or a splashdown in the Atlantic Ocean.

SUPPORT: Because the RTLS and splashdown centingencies occur very early in the mission profile (after SRB staging). AUCON support will be minimal. The SSC will insure that the EODET conferees are immediately advised of any centingency condition. The Initial Launch Alert Message will contain specific tasking instructions to cover these continuences.

CHECKLIST:

RTLS or Splashdown:

1.

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External Tank Overspeed:

Any External Tank Overspeed caused by a MECO overburn is a condition that has received a great deal of consideration - by both NASA and ADCOM. MECO and ET separation constitute a critical phase in the flight profile.

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Speculation exists

as to how much time past the nominal burn would be required to move the ET impact past the Indian Ocean and nearer to the western CONUS. An overburn of one second is generally thought to be this minimum time remired. This short overburn becomes even nore important when coupled with the reasonably high possibility that the condition may occur during the actual flight. This anomalous separation could cause the ET to attain a much higher ballistic trajectory or even a fractional/multiple orbit which could result in an elongated footprint and n

The ware contingency could result from an overspeed condition if upon separation the ET is imparted a greater velocity than planned. Even a nominal separation may put the ET impact in an area other than the projected Indian Ocean footprint.

SUPPORT: Because of the possibility of an anchalous ET recatry,

If the ET

should extend ballistic flight and approach the CONUS, the MANO will forewarn the MAN network as to the nature of the feentry. Appropriate sersors will track the EP and generate LAIS.

CHECKLIST:

EXTENDED BALLISTIC TRAJECTORY:

L

. b **s**

should the ET attain a fractional or multiple orbit, all acquiring sensors should send their data Flash precedence to the SCC. The OAL will then run PREDICT IMPACT.

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FRACTIONAL OR MULTIPLE ORBIT:

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C. ON-ORSIT

1.

2.

Ancealous Cks Burns:

Orbital Maneuvering Subsystem (OMS) burns occur at four separate phases of the mission profile. A bad burn at any one of these phases could affect the rest of the mission profile from that point. Therefore, each burn should be monitored by the SSC and tracking data obtained during, or as soon as possible after, the burn. The actions for any anomalous OMS burn follow:

Anomalous OMS-1:

A bad OMS 1 burn could result in an Abort-Oaco-Around
(AUA) or an Abort-To-Orbit (ATO).

SUPPORT: Since CRS-1 occurs during the earliest part of the flight, the

SSC as well as the choice of primary landing site. The SSC should then determine what sensors will cover the about.

CHECKLIST:

Abort-Onee-Aroung (AOA):

- 1. b.5
- , bS
- . 55

Should NASA press for an CRS-2 burn after a bad CRS-1 (ATO), the JSC/FDO should nass the new proposed CRS-2 vector to the SSC. The OAL should re-run COMBO for the planned CMS-2 nominal and the SSC will pass the new conjunction results to the JSC/FDO. The SVO should then run a new PASCHED. The

SSC will voice-task sensors and request the data be sent Flash procedures (or equivalent) to the SCC, ASCC and BCP. ADCOM support then resumes at the normal OMS-2 point.

CHECKLIST:

Abort-To Orbit (ATO):

- 1. by
- 2. 65
- 3. 65
- i. ks
- 5. b5
- z 5**5**
- 7. b.

Anocalous CMS-2:

A bad OMS-2 burn could result in an early deorbit.

SUPPORT: Should the OV have no OHS-2 burn, JSC/FUO will pass an early deorbit time and landing site to the SSC as soon as JSC makes the decision. The SSC should determine acquiring sensors and have track data sent to the SCC, ASCC, and UCF, Flash precedence (or equivalent).

CHECKLIST

OHS-2 No Burnt

1.

65

ı

Should the OV have an incomplete OMS-Z burn, the JSC/FDO will pass the SSC a new state vector and injection time.

The OAL should enter the new vector into the system and re-run COMBO. The SVO will run a new PASCHED. The JSC/FDO will inform the SSC if the OV will deorbit at a later time or attempt to reach the OMS-2 orbit with a successive burn.

CHECKLIST

OMS-2 Incomplete Burni

- 1. 65
- 2. b≤
- 3. **6**5
- . 65
- , bs
- 6. 35
- 7. 45
 - ·Ì

Anocalous OMS-3:

A bad OMS-3 burn could require a change to the OMS-4 vector. Early deorbit could result.

SUPPORT: Should the OV have no OMS-1 burn, there should be no other requirement than to run COMBO for the extended OMS-2 Orbit. The SSC should ask the JSC/FDO if there will be another OMS-3 attempt or an early descrit.

CHECKLIST

ONS-3 No-Burn:

1. 55

2a. 15

25. 55

2c. 05

2d. 55

3a. 65

36. bs.

36. bs.

36. bs.

36. bs.

36. bs.

Should the OV have an incomplete USS-3 burn, the JSC/FDO should pass the new OMS-4 vector to the SSC. The OAL should enter the vector into the system via ICHOEK and re-run COMBO. The SVO should run a new PASCHED. The SSC should pass any new conjunction results to the JSC/FDO. ADCOM support them results at the OMS-31 point.

SMS+3 Incomplete Burns

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e bs

3. 65

4. 65

S. 15

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Anomalous OMS-4:

A bad OHS-4 could require a change to the Deorbit vector.

SUPPORT: The SSC should find out if the OV is going to deorbit early from the JSC/FDO. If so the JSC/FDO should pass a new vect r, landing site and deorbit time to the SSC. The OAL will enter the new vector into the system and re-run COMBO. The SVO will run a new PASCHED. The SSC should begin flight termination actions when appropriate.

If the OV is going to power-down and reenter later than planned (i.e. past rev 36), the OAL should run CCSBO for the extended OMS-4 orbit and the new deorbit vector once acquired from the JSC/FPO: The SSC should begin the flight termination procedures when appropriate.

CHECKLIST

- . bs
- 2. 65
- 3. **65**
- 6. 65
- 5. 55
- 6. 65
- 7. bs
- . 65

"Events" during OV flight:

Events include launch of non-allied boosters and maneuvers of non-allied payloads, or any other potential threat action.

SUPPORT: Any event while the GV is in orbit should be unalyzed to determine if the event poses a threat to the GV. The OAL should run COMBO between appropriate orbits to aid in making this determination. The SDD should interact according to established SPADOC procedures. Any potential threat should be passed to JSC immediately to allow time to maneuver the OV and avoid the potential threat if decaded necessary.

CHECKLIST

r. 63

2. 55

3. **b**S

65

5. **L** S

6. 65

bs-

y. 65

q. 65°

10. 65

D. <u>DEORBIT/LANDING</u>:

Anomalous Deorbit:

A bad deorbit (D/O) burn could affect the reentry of the OV or extend the mission length.

SUPPORT: Should there be no dearbit burn, the OV will remain in the ONS-4 orbit. The SSC will find out from the USC/FDO if and when the OV will again attempt to dearbit.

JSC may elect to power-down the OV and wait 24 hours or longer for another optimum dearbit opportunity. In this case the A/SVO will pass this information to the ASCC and the BCF, the OAL will run a 30-hour COMBO and the SSC will pass new conjunction results to the JSC/FDO. The SVO should run a new PASCRED for the same time to determine who will track the OV and assure it is well tracked while awaiting the second dearbit attempts. All actions should be accomplished for all missed dearbit attempts.

CHECKLIST

D/Q No-Burn

D:

2.

3. 65

. bS

65

. 65

Should there be an incomplete D/O burn, the OV may recenter on a shallower trajectory. This may require the SSC to pass any acquisition data to the JSC/FDO so the JSC/FDO can begin arrangements for a possible CLS landing. Furthermore, the Hard pay need to alert HW units of the nature of the OV reentry in case of LEI generation.

D/O Incomplete Burnt

1. 65

2. bs

3. 65

. 65

s. 65

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Anomalous Reentry of OV

An anocalous reentry of the OV could result in a breakup in the Earth's atmosphere.

SUPPORT: Should the OV reenter in a hybrid or uncontrolled state, it is probable that the OV would tumble and break up much like any other reentering satellite. The SSC would perform the standard actions required for any TIP object to include determination of the impact point or footprint, piece counts, and OPREP 3 reporting if necessary.

CHECKLIST:

b5

2. b<u>s</u>

. Б

E. OTHER:

JSC/MCCR Cutage:

A degradation of JSC computational or command and control capability could be potentially hazardous to Shuttle operations.

SUPPORT: The probability of JSC losing computational capability is extremely remote due to their ability to reconfigure their many redundant backup computers. However, should some unforeseen discussioned occur whereupon JSC loses the capability to support the OV flight, they would transfer computational responsibility to Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC). As long as JSC has compactation, they retain command and control; however, should this be lost, Goddard takes command and control of the OV as well. At the point where Goddard assumes computational responsibility, ADCOM

will go into a dual-support role passing SCC data to both JSC/MOCR and GSFC/MCC. If JSC loses comm as well, ADCOM support will transfer solely to GSFC. The OV will deorbit at the earliest opportunity.

CHECKLIST:

JSC Loses Computational Capability:

- 1. 65
- 2. 65
- 3: **15**

JSC Loses C3:

- i. 55
- 2. 65
- 3. bS

DoD Directive to Restrict Tracking of OV:

A possibility exists that MASA may request, through the appropriate DoD channels, that ADCOM be directed to restrict tracking of the OV during all or a portion of the OFT-1 mission.

SUPPORT: Should ADCOM be directed by DoD to restrict tracking of the OV during all or a portion of the OFT-1 mission, then ADCOM sensors will be notified in accordance with the methods listed below. Note: Should this contingency arise, all planned support should continue within the constraints of restricted tracking.

CHECKLIST

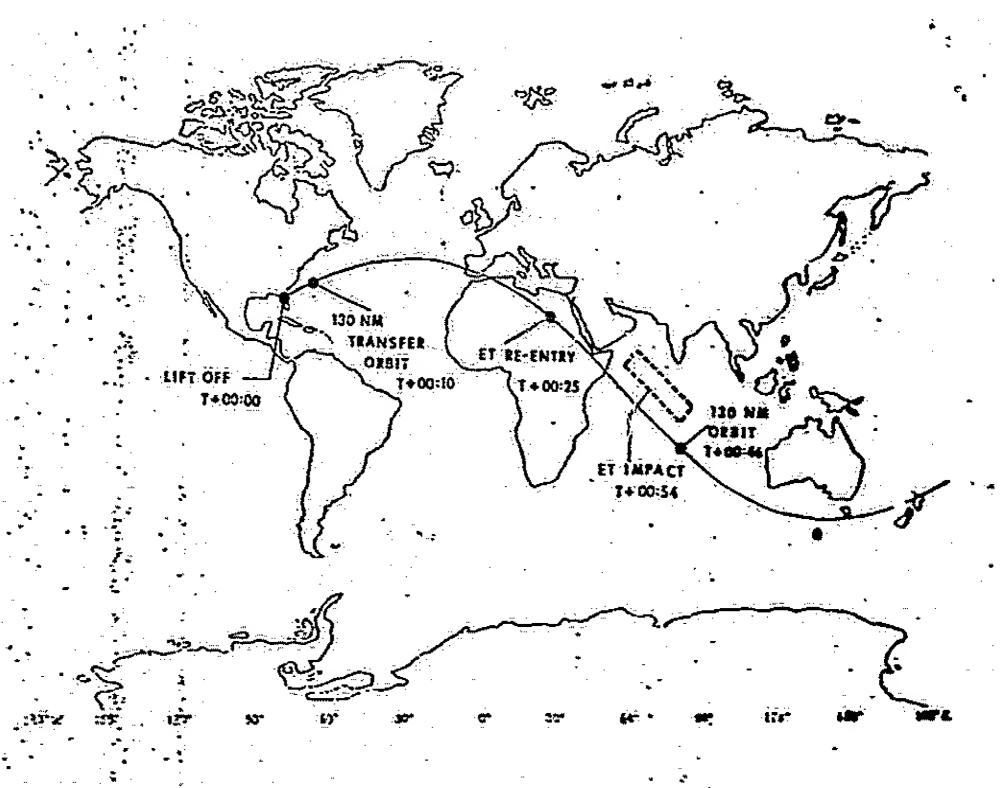
bs

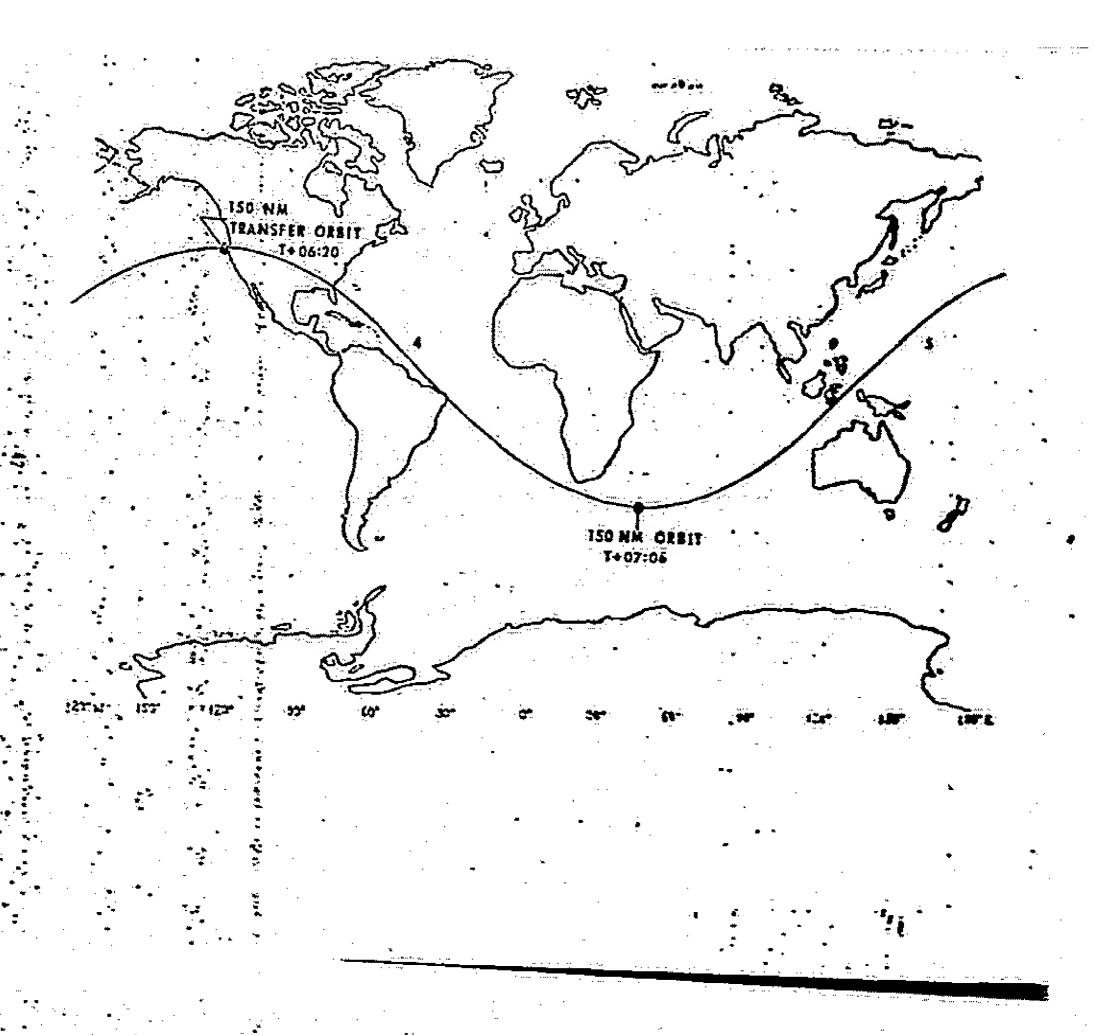
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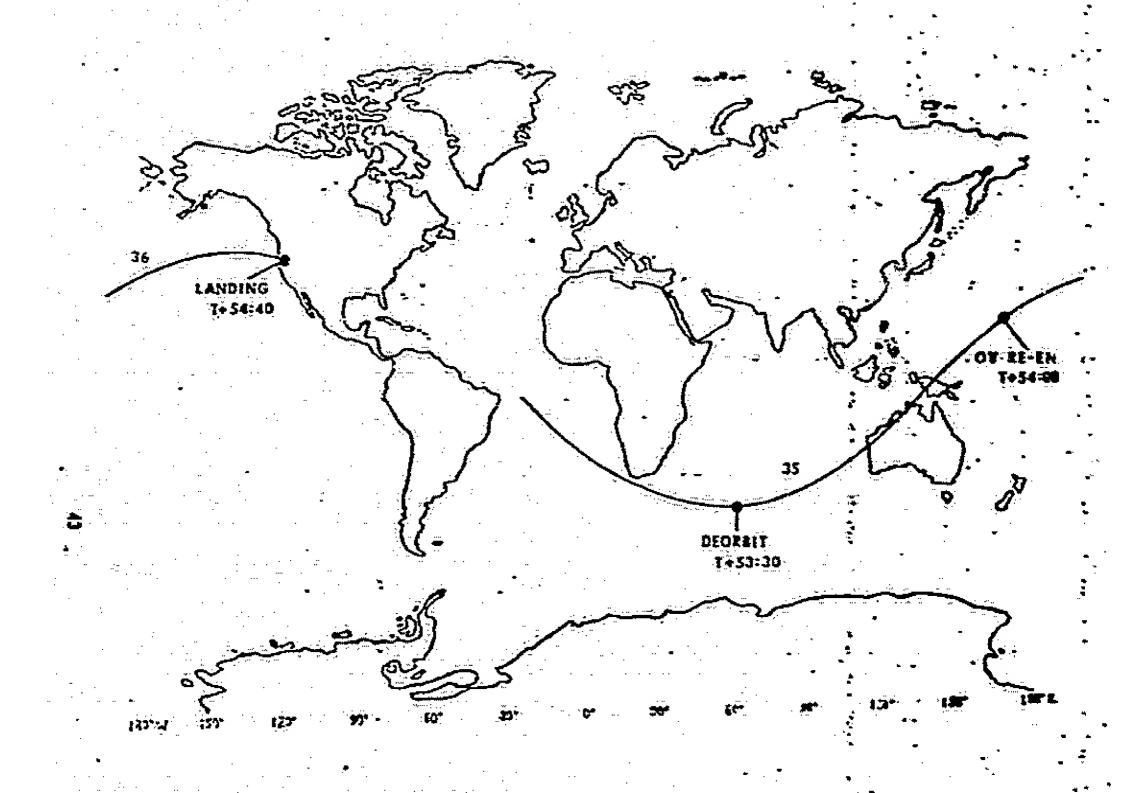
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OFT-1 CROUND TRACES







SPECIAL SUPPORT CRITERIA

APPENDIX 2 TO CINCAD IMPLEMENTATION PLAN 3410-81. SPECIAL SUPPORT CRITERIA

A. COMPUTATION OF MISS BETTEEN ORBITS (COMBO):

Cases'

B. CONPERENCES:

1. Early Orbit Determination (EODET):

The EODET conference will be virtually the same in that
the SVO will be obtaining TEARR data from the acquiring sensors for the launch agency. However, EODET is usually requested
in the ILAM; in the case of the Space Shuttle, this support
has already been requested in a separate requirements letter.

JSC will not require the information unless the S-Band tracker
in Madrid, Spain is dysfunctional. If this is the case, JSC
will come to ADCOM requesting EODET support at which time the
TEARR data will be passed.

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. The sensors to be tasked for EQUET will be given to the SVO by the Space Analysis and Data Division Launch Analyst.

2. Launch Correlation Unit (LCU):

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3. Flight Termination Conference (FTC):

The FTC is a new concept among conferences because the \cdot S. has never had an orbiting vehicle or satellite capable of satellite regular $\cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot$ the Space Shuttle, the SVO will task KWJ to scan the D/O vector and pass where the OV is in relation to it.

; however, the OV

is a lifting body and not in an exact ballistic trajectory, so this data should be analyzed with these points in consideration.

C. TIP:

Project TIP will be implemented to support prediction of where the ET will impact after separation from the OV. This will become especially important if the ET attains an extended ballistic trajectory or a fractional or multiple orbit as a

result of an overburn/overspend condition.

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analyzed with this point in consideration. TIP should also be run for any stable OV orbit.

AGENLY/PERSONNEL DIRECTORY

APPENDIX 1 20 CINCAD OPLAN 1410-81 IMPLEMENTATION PLAN AGENCY/PERSONNEL DIRECTORY

The following will be disseminated only to those agencies and personnel whose official duties specifically require knowledge of this information. Strict compliance to the above is mandatory.

A. TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Vdouch	Duty
A/J-3Y	NC:C x3510
A/J-3YYA	NCHC x3510
A/J-3YYD	NCXC ×3510
ADCOM Public Affairs	635-8911 x4696
FDO (WASA)	Contact A/SSC for restricted number
TRACK (!:ASA)	Contact A/SSC for restricted number
Comm Control (MASA)	Contact A/SSC for restricted nember

8. MESSAGE ADDRESSES

Vacil Jan 82 use

9 NAS to route data through CSFC to JSC

After Jan 82 ure

2 Jos to pass data to JSC/MCP

DISTRIBUTION

HO ADCOM	No. of Coples	HO ADCOM	No. of Copies
J-1X	1	J-37	5
J-2X	1	J− 3V	5
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J-31A	3	J=3X	3
J-318	3	J-31	3
J=31C	3	 J−4X	1
מוֹבּ-נ	3	J-5C	1
J-31É	3	. J-5D	1
J-36	2	J-SY	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
J-3C	4	J-6A	1
J=3F	2	J-6 T	1
J-33	3	PA	1
J-35 :	2	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	

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